In the Specification:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 6, fourth paragraph:

Detailed description of embodiments of the invention

Figure 1 illustrates schematically a person's skull with the auditory means in the form of an external ear, auditory meatus, middle ear and inner ear. The person has a stuttering problem but no hearing problem. A bone conducting hearing aid apparatus is anchored in the skull bone behind the external ear of a person, preferably in the mastoid bone. The hearing aid apparat apparatus housing with a vibrator 1 which via a skin penetrating spacer 2 is mechanically anchored in the skull bone 3 by means of a fixture 4. The hearing aid apparatus is arranged to pick the apparatus housing which microphone signal then is amplified and filtered in an electrical circuit 6.

Paragraph bridging pages 6 and 7:

The vibrations which are generated by the vibrator 1 are transmitted through the skull bone to the nearest ear as well as to the other ear by bone conduction from one side of the skull to the other.

By this bone conduction there is a certain delay before the vibrations reach the inner ear, cochlea, on the opposite side of the skull. It is supposed that it is this natural, "built-in" delay in the

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auditory feedback that explains why a stuttering person experiences a significant speech improvement by using a bone conducting hearing aid apparatus as anti-stuttering means. A significant difference between this invention and the previously known auditory feedback devices is the fact that both of the cochleas are stimulated so that the cochlea on the opposite side of the skull receives a signal which is further delayed compared to the signal to the nearest cochlea. Furthermore, this signal has another other frequency characteristics compared to the signal received by the nearest cochlea.